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PILOT PLANT FACILITY FOR SUSTAINABLE MICROALGAE CULTIVATION

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Workshop Interreg-Alpo Mons 13 sept 2018

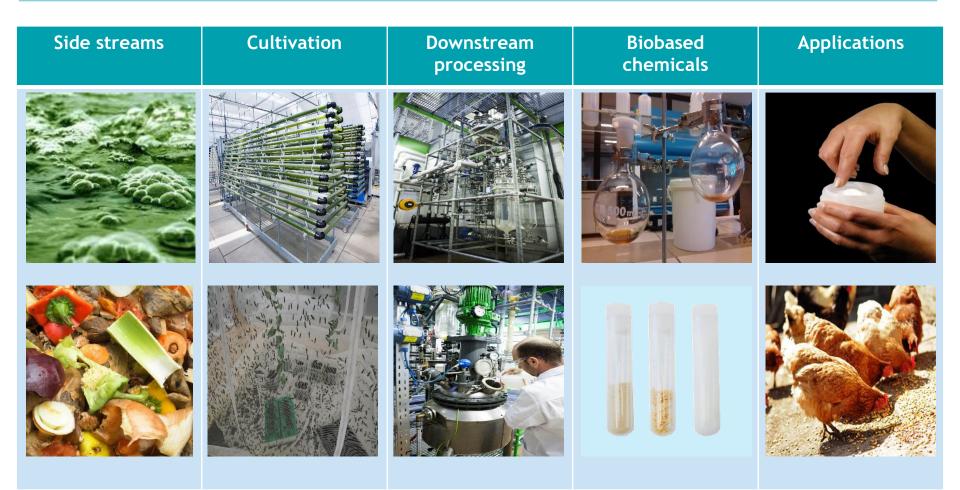




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WHY RESEARCH ON MICROALGAE PRODUCTION?

- Algae production is a promising alternative for the conventional production of food, feed and high-value biochemicals.
- It remains a challenge to cultivate microalgae efficiently on a large scale.



PILOT PLANT



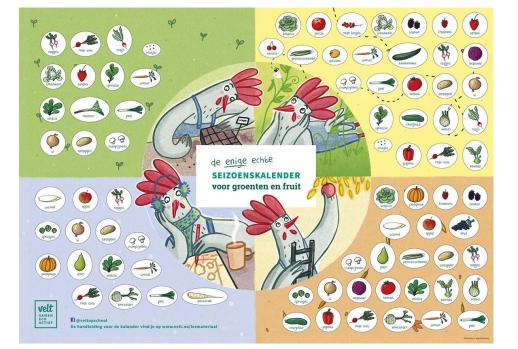
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- Creating sustainable and economically feasible production processes
 - Recycling of water and nutrients
 - CO₂ capture
- In greenhouses in the NW-European climate

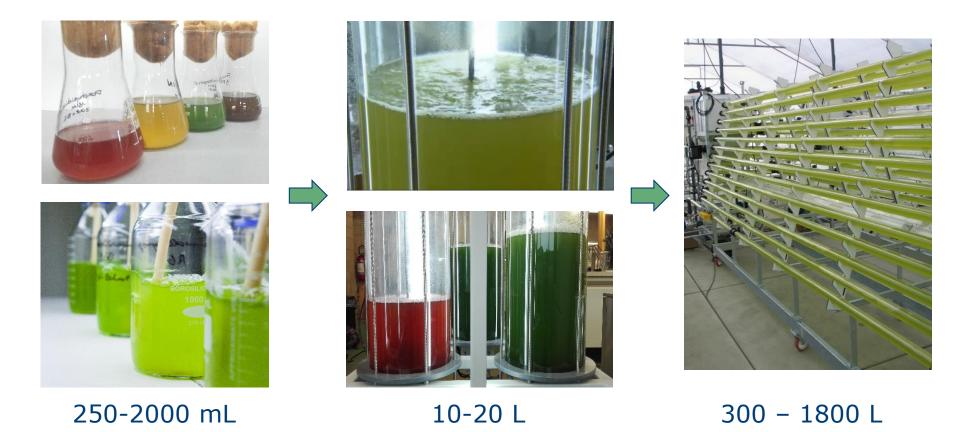


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FROM LAB TO PILOT SCALE



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1.2M€ INVESTMENT PROJECT

2014: **Pilot scale** photobioreactors were built in a **greenhouse** for research on the cultivation of microalgae with applications in:

- Horticulture: alternative and innovative crop
- Chemical industry: sustainable biochemicals
- Food/feed industry: nutraceuticals, colorants...
- Processing of side streams (CO₂, agricultural and industrial waste waters)















WHICH CULTIVATION SYSTEM?





CLOSED TUBULAR PHOTOBIOREACTORS @TM



Pro's

- High control
- High yield
- High quality



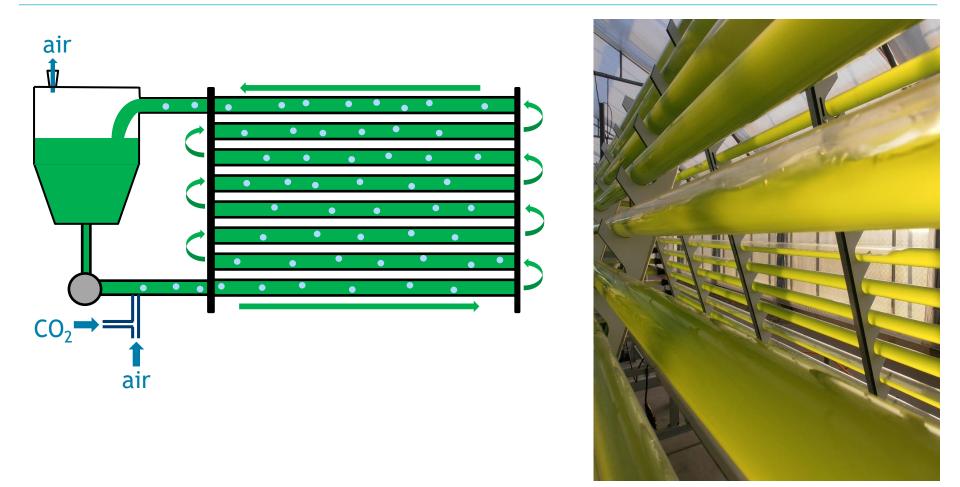
Con's

- High investment cost
- High engineering skills





CLOSED TUBULAR PHOTOBIOREACTORS @TM







PBRs were designed as 'christmas trees' and installed in a greenhouse with as much as possible standard horticultural equipment

- Modular reactors: 2x 300L + 2x 1500L
- Automated climate control and continuous logging climate and growth parameters
- Harvesting unit comprizing centrifuge, storage tanks and freeze drying installation



Sŭnbuilt

CLIMATE CONTROL & AUTOMATISATION





Heating







NUTRIENTS & CLIMATE: LAB RESEARCH

- Optimization of growth conditions
- > ten different microalgae strains







NUTRIENTS & CLIMATE: LAB RESEARCH

- Optimization of growth conditions
- > ten different microalgae strains
 - Fertilizers
 - Light
 - Temperature
 - pH





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Lab scale experiment

- Volume of up to 1.5L in bottles
- Different [NaHCO₃] as source of carbon dioxide
- Microalgae used here: Nannochloropsis gaditana

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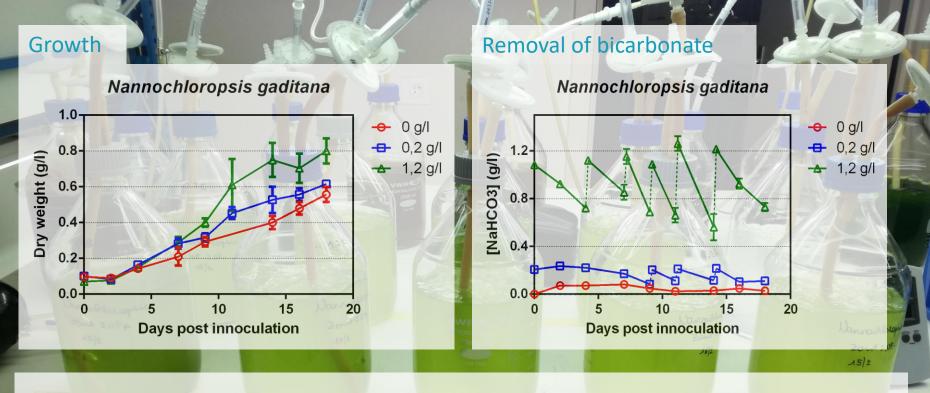


Nannachla

2011+

bino

Zaul



- Productivity from 0.02 to 0.15g/L/day
- Maximum rate of carbonate removal is 0.13g/L/day in equivalents CO₂
- Total NaHCO₃ removed from the medium was 3.8g for 1.1g of biomass = 1.8g CO₂ per gram biomass of Nannochloropsis

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Pilot scale experiment

- Volume of 300L
- CO₂ injection coupled to pH control
- Microalgae used here: Porphyridium purpureum



Porphyridium purpureum 2.0 Growth (optical density) PBR4 CO2 injection at pH8 1.5-- OD (680 nm) PBR3 - → OD (680 nm) PBR4 1.0-0.5 Growth rate accelerates when CO₂ is injected in the system 0.0-10 Total injection of 2.1kg of CO₂ in 2 12 Days post innoculation Growth PBR4 over 12 days An average of 0.6 g/L/day was 10. PBR4 CO2 injection at pH8 injected pH PBR3 0 pH PBR4 Δ Hd IN-FLOW 12 10 2 Days post innoculation pH

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MONITORING

Logging

- Temperature
- Light
- pH
- CO₂
- DO
- Turbiditity
- Flow
- Color

Sample taking











HARVEST

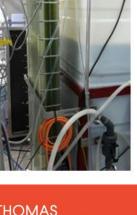
- Semi-batch
 - Centrifugation
 - Membrane based
 - Flocculation
- Turbidostate
 - Automated based on turbidity measure
- Water and nutrient recycling



vito





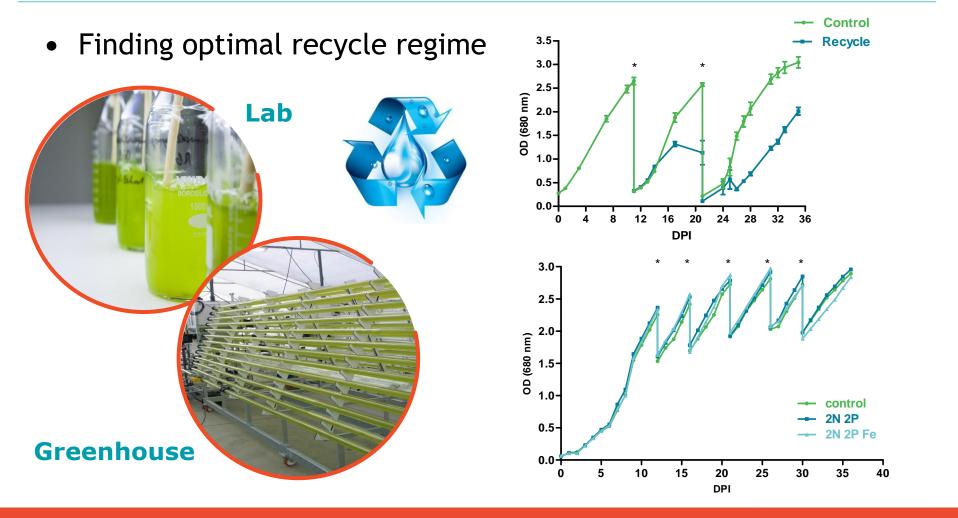




MEDIUM RECYCLING







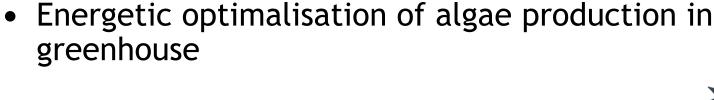
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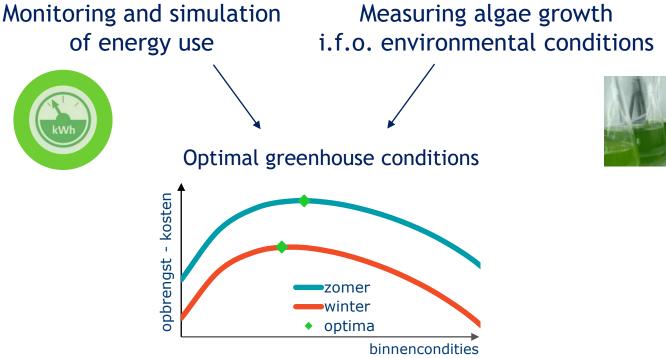
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KENNISCENTRUM

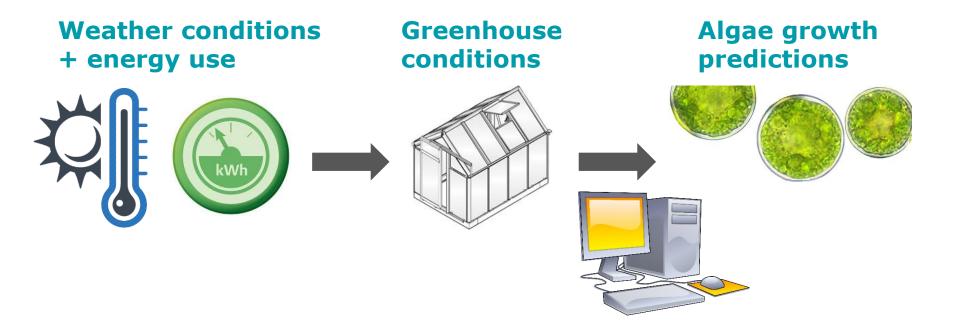
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MODELING

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• Make prediction on algae growth and profit in function of input parameters and energy use







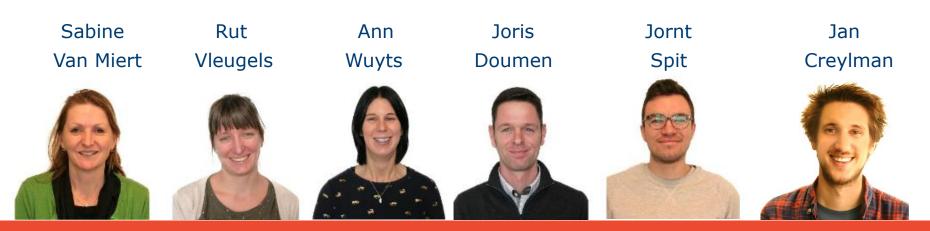
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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